



Going to - Rules and Practice

עתיד קרוב (Going to)

1. מבנה בסיסי

ביטוי "going to" משמש כדי לדבר על תכניות, כוונות או תחזיות לעתיד. המבנה של משפט המשתמש ב-"going to" תלוי אם הוא משפט חייווי, שלילה או שאלה.

2. משפטי חייווי

מבנה:

צורת הבסיס של הפועל + going to + (am/is/are) נושא + פועל עזר

דוגמאות:

- (I am going to visit my grandparents.) אני הולך לבקר את הסבים שלי -
- (She is going to study for her exams.) היא הולכת ללמוד למבחנים שלה -
- (They are going to move to a new city.) הם הולכים לעבור לעיר חדשה -

3. משפטי שלילה

מבנה:

צורת הבסיס של הפועל + going to + not + (am/is/are) נושא + פועל עזר

דוגמאות:

- (I am not going to watch the movie.) אני לא הולך לצפות בסרט -
- (He is not going to join the football team.) הוא לא הולך להצטרף לקבוצת הכדורגל -



- אנחנו לא הולכים לעשות פיקניק - (We are not going to have a picnic.)

4. שאלות

שאלות כן/לא:

מבנה:

צורת הבסיס של הפועל + going to + נושא + (am/is/are) פועל עזר

דוגמאות:

- (Are you going to travel to Spain?) האם אתה הולך לנסוע לספרד -
- (Is she going to cook dinner tonight?) האם היא הולכת לבשל ארוחת ערב הלילה -
- (Are they going to attend the meeting?) האם הם הולכים להשתתף בפגישה -

שאלות עם מילות שאלה (Wh- Questions):

מבנה:

צורת הבסיס של הפועל + going to + נושא + (am/is/are) מילת שאלה + פועל עזר

דוגמאות:

- (What are you going to do tomorrow?) מה אתה הולך לעשות מחר -
- (When is he going to start the project?) מתי הוא הולך להתחיל את הפרויקט -
- (Why are they going to leave early?) למה הם הולכים לצאת מוקדם -



שאלות עם "מי" (Who Questions):

מבנה:

צורת הבסיס של הפועל + going to + מי (is/are) + פועל עזר

דוגמאות:

- מי הולך להוציא את הכלב לטיול? (Who is going to take the dog for a walk?)
- מי הולך להצטרף אלינו לארוחת ערב? (Who is going to join us for dinner?)

5. ביטויי זמן נפוצים

ביטויי הזמן הנפוצים לשימוש עם "going to" כוללים:

- הלילה (tonight)
- מחר (tomorrow)
- בעוד מספר דקות (in a few minutes)
- בעוד שעה / שבוע (in an hour / a week)
- בקרוב (soon)

דוגמאות:

- (I am going to finish my homework tonight.) אני הולך לסיים את שיעורי הבית שלי הלילה -
- (We are going to visit the museum tomorrow.) אנחנו הולכים לבקר במוזיאון מחר -
- (She is going to leave in a few minutes.) היא הולכת לצאת בעוד מספר דקות -



6. דוגמאות ותרגול

משפטי דוגמא:

- אני הולך לאכול צהריים בעוד שעה - (I am going to eat lunch in an hour.)
- הוא לא הולך להשתתף בתחרות - (He is not going to participate in the contest.)
- האם אתה הולך לקנות טלפון חדש? (Are you going to buy a new phone?)
- מתי הם הולכים להגיע? (When are they going to arrive?)



Future - Going to: Practice Worksheet

Part 1: Fill in the blanks using "going to" in the correct form

1. I _____ (visit) my grandparents next weekend.
2. She _____ (not attend) the meeting tomorrow.
3. Are they _____ (move) to a new house soon?
4. Why _____ he _____ (not help) with the chores?
5. Who _____ (take) the dog for a walk later?

Part 2: Rewrite the sentences using "going to"

1. The students will study for their exams next week.

2. John is not planning to join the football team this season.

3. Are you planning to travel to Spain this summer?

4. Maria will buy a new laptop tomorrow.

5. Why are they not coming to the party tonight?



Part 3: Correct the sentences

1. My friend is go to buy a new phone.

2. They are going move to a new city.

3. She going to not attend the class tomorrow.

4. Are you going to to help me with my homework?

5. He is not going to visit his grandparents this weekend.

Part 4: Complete the sentences

1. We _____ (not watch) the movie tonight because it's too late.

2. You _____ (visit) the museum tomorrow morning.

3. How _____ (they/celebrate) their anniversary?

4. I _____ (prepare) a special dinner for my family.

5. Sam _____ (buy) a new car next month.



Part 5: Create sentences using "going to"

1. _____ (I / call my friend later)
2. _____ (They / not / go to the concert)
3. _____ (What / she / do / tomorrow?)
4. _____ (We / visit / the zoo / next weekend)
5. _____ (Who / help / you / with your project?)

Part 6: Reading comprehension

Read the following paragraph and answer the questions using "going to."

David and his friends are planning a trip to the mountains next weekend. They are going to leave early in the morning and drive for three hours to reach their destination. David is going to bring his camera to take pictures, and his friends are going to bring food and drinks. They are excited because they are going to hike, camp, and enjoy nature.

1. What is David planning to bring on the trip?

2. How long are they going to drive?

3. What activities are they going to do?

4. Are they going to stay in a hotel?

5. Why are they excited?



Answers

Part 1:

1. am going to visit
2. is not going to attend
3. going to move
4. is he not going to help
5. is going to take

Part 2:

1. The students are going to study for their exams next week.
2. John is not going to join the football team this season.
3. Are you going to travel to Spain this summer?
4. Maria is going to buy a new laptop tomorrow.
5. Why are they not going to come to the party tonight?

Part 3:

1. My friend is going to buy a new phone.
2. They are going to move to a new city.
3. She is not going to attend the class tomorrow.
4. Are you going to help me with my homework?
5. He is not going to visit his grandparents this weekend.



Part 4:

1. are not going to watch
2. are going to visit
3. are they going to celebrate
4. am going to prepare
5. is going to buy

Part 5:

1. I am going to call my friend later.
2. They are not going to go to the concert.
3. What is she going to do tomorrow?
4. We are going to visit the zoo next weekend.
5. Who is going to help you with your project?

Part 6:

1. David is going to bring his camera.
2. They are going to drive for three hours.
3. They are going to hike, camp, and enjoy nature.
4. No, they are going to camp.
5. They are excited because they are going to hike, camp, and enjoy nature.